# "...and Starring Jerry Bruckheimer as Picasso": The Cubist Revival in Twenty-first Century Television Programming

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#### The Cubist Aesthetic



Picasso (1910) *Portrait of Daniel-Henry Kahnweiler* 



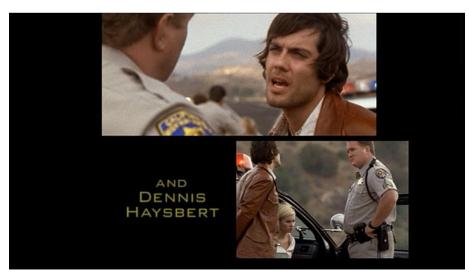
Picasso (1912) Violin and Grapes



24, Season 1 (2002)



24, Season 2 (2002)



24, Season 2 (2002)









CSI: Miami, Season 6 (2008)

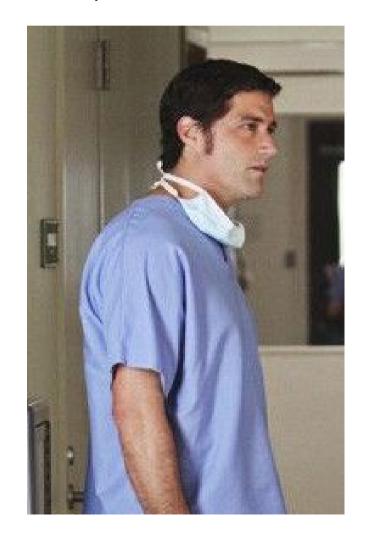






Cold Case, Season 3 (2006)

Lost,
Various Seasons
(2004–07)









How I Met Your Mother, Season 7 (2011)



Without a Trace, Season 1 (2002)

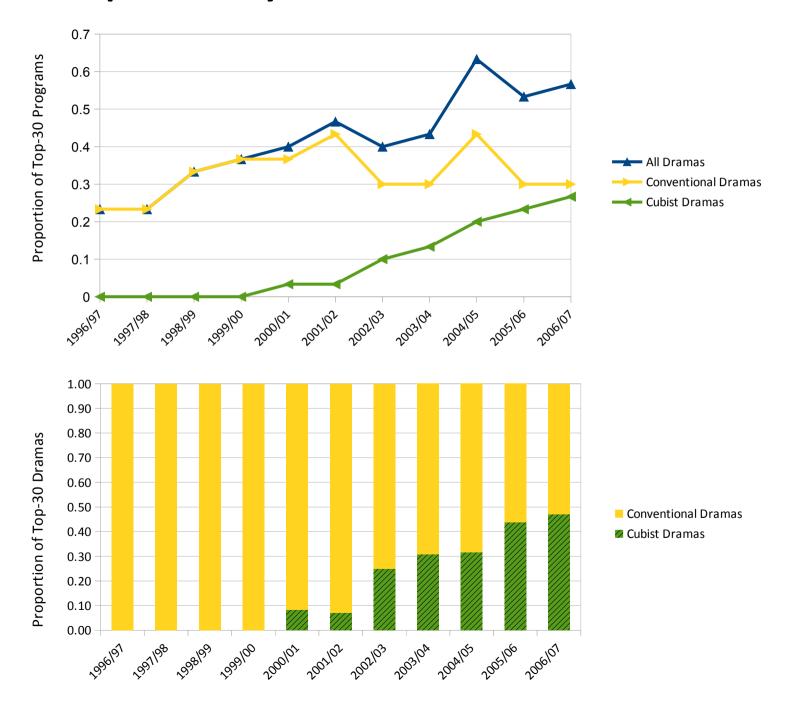
- Cubist Television: A narrative technique that decenters audience perceptions and presents the story from multiple perspectives.
- Visual Cubism: Multiple perspectives are conveyed through split-screen or other visual effects (e.g., trajectory shots or flashbacks)
- Narrative Cubism: Multiple perspectives are conveyed through intersection storylines, often geographically or temporally dispersed. Intersection is integral to the plot.

# The Popularity of Cubist Television

- Analysis of top-30 ranked hour-long dramas from the 1996/97–2006/07 U.S. broadcast seasons
- 40 top-30 ranked dramas over 11 seasons
- 8 top-30 Cubist dramas:
   24, CSI:, CSI: Miami,
   CSI: NY, Cold Case,
   Heroes, Lost,
   Without a Trace

| Season  | Cubist<br>Dramas | Top-30<br>Dramas | Proportion of Top-30 Dramas |
|---------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2006/07 | 8                | 17               | 0.47                        |
| 2005/06 | 7                | 16               | 0.44                        |
| 2004/05 | 6                | 19               | 0.32                        |
| 2003/04 | 4                | 13               | 0.31                        |
| 2002/03 | 3                | 12               | 0.25                        |
| 2001/02 | 1                | 14               | 0.07                        |
| 2000/01 | 1                | 12               | 0.08                        |
| 1999/00 | 0                | 11               | 0.00                        |
| 1998/99 | 0                | 10               | 0.00                        |
| 1997/98 | 0                | 7                | 0.00                        |
| 1996/97 | 0                | 7                | 0.00                        |

# The Popularity of Cubist Television



#### The Diffusion of Cubist Visuals

 Content analysis of television dramas for Cubist visual compositions (fractured backgrounds, fractured subjects, multiplied views, and circling shots)

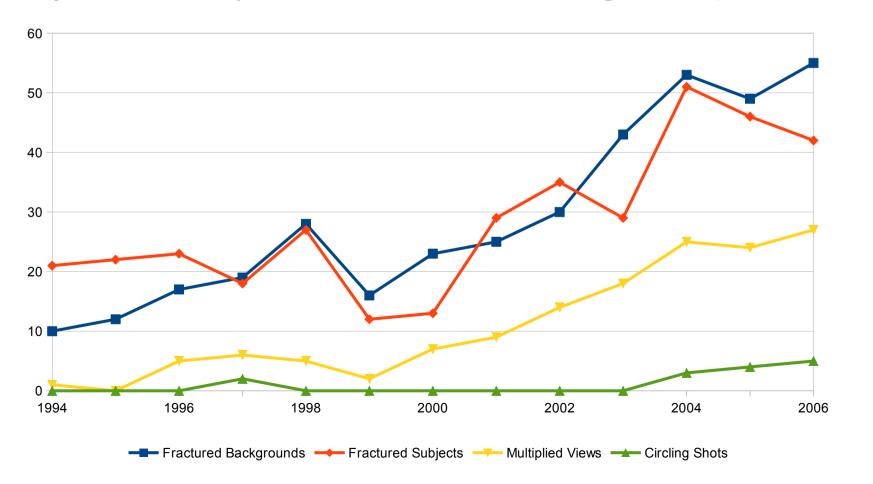
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| Mean Minutes per Episode |            |        |  |  |
|--------------------------|------------|--------|--|--|
|                          | Non-Cubist | Cubist |  |  |
| Fractured<br>Backgrounds | 5.93       | 8.50   |  |  |
| Fractured Subjects       | 4.89       | 7.17   |  |  |
| Multiplied Views         | 1.26       | 2.67   |  |  |
| Circling Shots           | 0.15       | 0.17   |  |  |
| Number of Episodes       | 590        | 150    |  |  |

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# Explaining the Emergence and Diffusion of Cubist Television

- Media scholars emphasize slick production values, viewer distrust of the neoliberal state, and happy endings. These explanations are too particular and don't address the Cubist aesthetic itself.
- An ecological process describes the shift away from comedies and to drama/reality programming.
- Simmel: aesthetic forms as manifesting a society's world-view and as a way of imposing order on the world.
- Sorokin: Cubist television as a product of sensate culture and a more general turn toward realism; sensate periods seek to portray reality as it really is with secular subjects and naturalistic representations.